## **APPENDIX 5**

## NMAC Guidelines for Managing Large Fixed Wing Airtankers

## **Strategic Principles**

- Initial and extended attack fire suppression is the primary mission for airtankers.
- Airtankers will be pre-positioned based on NMAC strategic considerations and prioritization criteria as stated in the *NMAC Preparedness Strategy*, 2003.
- Assignment to large fire support will be on a case-by-case basis, after initial and extended attack objectives have been met, and if deemed cost effective. The following criteria will be used:
  - 1. Imminent threat to human life including occupied structures.
  - 2. Imminent threat to communities, community infrastructure, historically significant cultural resources, commercial businesses, and principal residences.
  - 3. Threats to other structures and improvements such as seasonal homes, cabins and high value outbuildings.
  - 4. Threats to natural resources.
  - 5. Threats to low value structures.
- Requests for airtankers for large fire support must include or identify the above criteria to ensure that dispatch centers can correctly allocate scarce airtanker resources
- Incident Commanders and their operations and aviation staffs must ensure that retardant is being used wisely and judiciously with ground forces to follow up and take advantage of retardant drops.

## **Operational Procedures**

- NICC will be delegated authority from NMAC to guide strategic deployment of airtankers.
- Unless a higher risk area is identified, large fixed wing airtankers will be initially positioned at the designated contract base in order to reduce costs.
- On the 0930 GACC/NICC conference call, daily assignments will be validated and aircraft reallocated as necessary.
- Late afternoon, as necessary, GACCs and NICC will conference on airtanker requirements and position strategy for the following day. NICC will make the final decision if consensus is not reached.
- GACCs will establish priorities when competition for airtankers exists. GACC to GACC initial attack agreements will continue to be utilized per the National Interagency Mobilization Guide (Chapter 13.1).
- When requested to make an airtanker available to move to a location of greater risk, the local unit or GACC will do so without hesitation.